



United States  
Department of  
Agriculture

Agricultural  
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Service

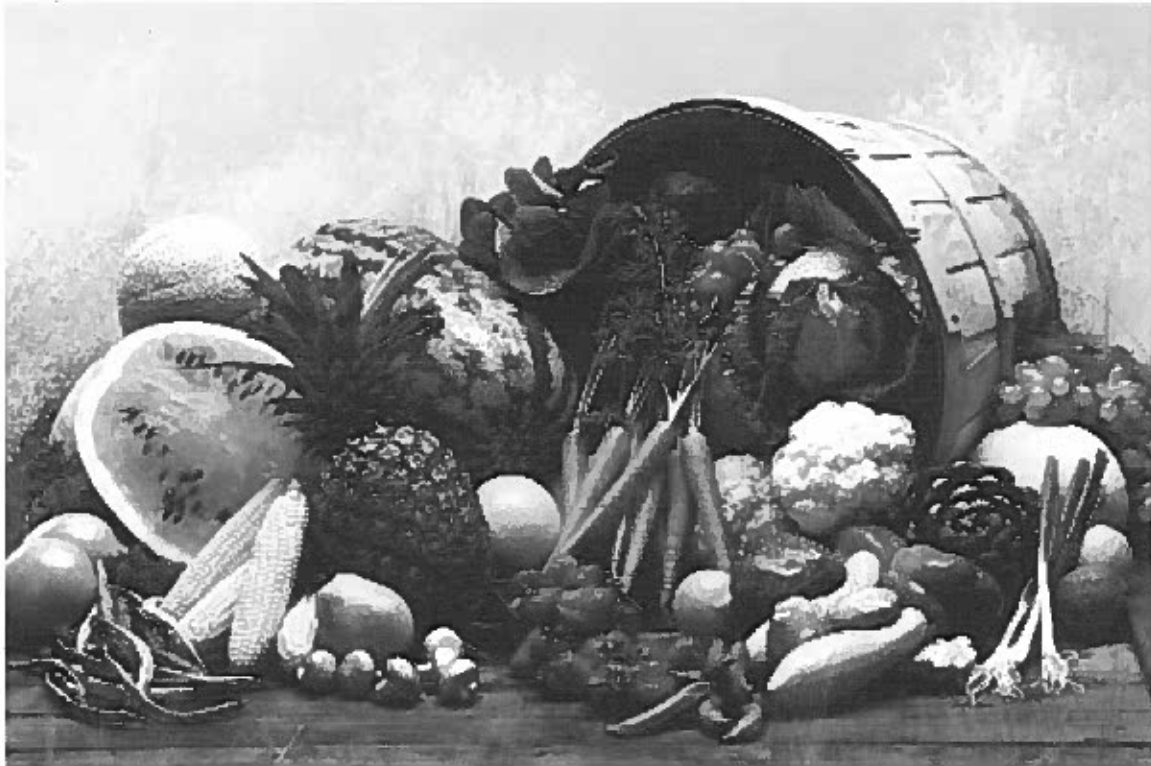
Fruit and  
Vegetable  
Programs



# Fresh Products Branch

## Annual Report

### For



Fiscal Year  
2010

## Table of Contents

I. Overview of the Fresh Products Branch.....	2
II. Office of the Chief.....	5
III. The Field Operations Sections (FOS).....	7
IV. Standardization and Training Section.....	10
V. Safety and Health Program .....	17
VI. Information Management Services.....	18
VII. Financial Status of Inspection Programs .....	19
VIII. Appendices.....	21
Appendix I-Shipping Point Inspections .....	22-31
Appendix II-Raw Products for Processing By State.....	32-33
Appendix III-Inspections at Receiving Markets .....	34-46
Appendix IV-Inspections of Fresh Fruits, Vegetables, and Other Products.....	47-53
Appendix V-Summary of Inspections at Receiving Markets by Type .....	54

# **Fresh Products Branch Annual Report for Fiscal Year 2010**

## **I. Overview of the Fresh Products Branch**

The Agricultural Marketing Service, Fruit and Vegetable Programs' Fresh Products Branch (FPB): (1) provides nationwide inspection and grading services to shippers, importers, processors, sellers, buyers (including Government procurement agencies) and other financially interested parties on a "user-fee" basis (i.e., the use of the services is voluntary and made available only upon specific request or when specified by some special program or contract); (2) issues instructional materials and U.S. Grade Standards so that uniformity of grading is maintained; (3) conducts systematic reviews of grading activities in the field; (4) serves as liaison with the Food and Drug Administration, other Government Agencies and the scientific community regarding official methodology and regulations affecting food quality and grading; and (5) conducts periodic supervisory checks of program effectiveness and compliance with Equal Employment Opportunity and Civil Rights requirements.

The grading service for fresh fruits, vegetables, and other special products continues to fill a need for unbiased certification of products in domestic and international marketing systems. Official inspection, grading, and certification services provided by FPB provide factual evidence as to the quality and condition of product moving throughout the U.S. and the world. This evidence is highly valuable to the user of the inspection services and serves many purposes, but primarily provides:

- For quality control in packing and processing to meet wholesale buyer requirements and achieve better consumer acceptance;
- A basis for establishing the value of a product according to quality and commensurate with the existing market supply and demand factors;
- A basis for making and obtaining loans and for settling claims;
- Evidence of compliance or non-compliance with contract specifications, marketing agreements and orders, state regulations and Import/Export requirements;
- A basis for making incentive payments for better qualities and reducing the contract price for or rejecting lower or unacceptable qualities;
- For appropriate labeling for benefit to the consumer; and
- For improved trading since FPB inspection certificates are well known and accepted in marketing channels domestically as well as internationally.

Grading services for fresh fruits and vegetables are available at both shipping point locations and receiving markets. The shipping point service is conducted at points of origin under cooperative agreements in 48 states. Shipping point inspections are performed by employees of the Federal-State Inspection Service who are licensed and supervised by FPB. The shipping point program in Oklahoma is operated solely by FPB.

Receiving market grading services for fresh fruits and vegetables are available in 138 cities. Currently, 100 markets are administered by the Federal-State Inspection Service under cooperative agreements. The remaining 31 receiving markets are operated solely by FPB. A listing of the receiving markets is made available to trade publications and interested parties upon request.

### **Core Values**

FPB's three primary core values are: (1) honesty, (2) impartiality, and (3) efficiency.

### **Mission Statement**

"The Fresh Products Branch, upon request of members of the domestic and international marketing chain, develops and revises official grade standards and provides accurate and unbiased inspection reports that describe factors affecting the marketability of fresh fruits, vegetables, nuts and other specialty products. Our technicians, support staff, and managers are dedicated to providing the highest quality and most cost efficient service possible."

### **Vision Statement**

"The Fresh Products Branch team anticipates the future needs of our customers, initiates change within our program to meet their needs, and strives to exceed their expectations."

### **Quality Service Policy**

"Quality is doing those things necessary to meet the needs and expectations of those we serve. We are committed to the improvement of the quality of service offered by FPB and the elimination of any barriers that might impede these improvements."

### **Customer Service Standards**

FPB's Customer Service Standards are as follows:

- (1) You will receive impartial, prompt, reliable, and accurate grading service;
- (2) We will treat you with courtesy, dignity, and equality;
- (3) We will answer your telephone calls for inspection services or information in a timely manner;
- (4) When we receive your letter or fax requesting information, we will send you an answer within 5 working days;
- (5) We deal with your complaints seriously and expeditiously;
- (6) We will schedule your requests for inspection within 24 hours of receiving the request, if within the areas of the country we serve;
- (7) We will give priority to valid requests for appeal inspections and inspections covering lots involved in complaints related to the Perishable Agricultural

- Commodities Act, and we will respond within 2 working days (excluding travel time);
- (8) We will issue terminal market inspection certificates, except for dockside inspection certificates, no more than 20 minutes after we complete the inspection;
  - (9) We will issue dockside inspection certificates within 5 working days of completing the inspection;
  - (10) We will issue verbal in-plant grading reports within the time frame agreed upon by you and the inspection service; and
  - (11) As petitioner for the development or revision of U.S. Grade Standards for fresh fruit and vegetable commodities, you will receive periodic feedback on the status of your request.

### **Organizational Components**

FPB's Headquarters Office in Washington, D.C., is composed of:

**The Office of the Chief**, which develops Branch policy and procedures, coordinates FPB's administrative and financial operations (e.g., program billings and collections), and provides overall program direction. The Office of the Chief serves as FPB's liaison with other branches within the Fruit and Vegetable Programs and with fresh fruit and vegetable applicants throughout the United States and the world. Additionally, the Office of the Chief is responsible for the implementation of FPB's Occupational Safety and Health Program.

**Auditing Section**, which in FY-2010 one new position was developed and filled in the Auditing Section of the Office of the Chief; the Audit Programs Manager who assists the Business & Personnel Specialist with leading the day to day functions of the Branch's auditing programs in coordination with the Audit Program Coordinator. In addition, two lead agricultural commodity graders/lead auditor positions were filled in the Philadelphia and Dallas field offices.

**The Service Center** is also located in the Office of Chief. Staff processes inspection fees and forwards them to the National Finance Center for billing to the applicants. Officers-In-Charge rely on the staff to provide information about non-payment of accounts so applicants may be contacted to pay their bill. Industry frequently contacts the staff to provide changes for contact information and to ask questions about individual bills.

**The Field Operations Section (FOS)** ensures that a uniform grading service is provided to shippers, receivers, government agencies, and other financially interested parties. Other responsibilities include coordinating the mailing of certificates to shippers and managing a national uniform and safety shoe allowance program. FOS also provides administrative support services to FPB field employees, including processing of time and attendance reports, travel vouchers, personnel actions and procurement requests. Various employees' related materials are distributed from this section.

Also under the umbrella of the Field Operations Section is the **Equipment and Forms Depot**, which was relocated to the Training and Development Center in Fredericksburg, VA. The function of the Depot is to procure, store, and distribute a wide variety of inspection equipment used in the inspection process, including sizers, thermometers, scales, stamps, and Positive Lot Identification materials. In addition, the Depot provides office supplies to the Federal offices and inspection-related forms to the Federal and Federal-State programs on a reimbursable basis. The inspection-related equipment is also available for purchase by industry and the general public.

FOS and the Office of the Chief continue to identify, evaluate, implement, and maintain new and existing programs that respond to customer needs.

**The Standardization and Training Section** establishes and revises the U.S. Grade Standards for fresh fruits, vegetables, and other special products. This Section interprets the application of the grade standards by establishing and revising the grading manuals and visual aids, which are issued to all Federal and Federal-State inspectors. In addition, the Standardization and Training Section reviews and assists in the development of international standards.

STS provides technical training for State and Federal new Agricultural commodity Graders (ACGs), journeymen ACGs, Good Agriculture Practices and Good Handling Practices auditors, and supervisors. The section also provides supplemental training for support staff as needed, and is responsible for the coordination of overall Fresh Products Branch (FPB) training activities. Additionally, STS conducts three-week long courses for United Fresh Produce Association.

**Information Management Services (IMS)** during FY-2010, the Fresh Products Branch reorganized the IT resources and enhanced our capabilities to improve delivery of services and administrative efficiencies. This was achieved through several means, including purchasing new equipment and improving network connectivity; developing and deploying software applications; coordinating closely with AMS IT staff; and implementing a 5-year refreshment plan for information technology acquisitions.

## **II. Office of the Chief**

The Branch is funded by user fees, assessments collected from our State partners, and some appropriations. The majority of the funding, charged as user-fees, is from customers voluntarily requesting our services at Federal terminal markets. In the Federal-State Inspection Program the States collect fees from customers for terminal market inspection work, shipping point inspection work, and auditing services. The Branch collects an assessment from the States on fees collected at percentages ranging from 4.1 percent to 7.7 percent. The Branch's revenue stream is made up of approximately 80 percent from fees charged for Federal terminal market services and approximately 20 percent from assessments collected from our State partners. Standardization activities are funded through an annual appropriation from Congress

customarily set at approximately \$640,000. In addition, the Branch provides technical support to marketing order and commodity procurement programs and for that reason receives funding from these program areas to account for the equivalent of approximately two full-time positions. One other revenue component is from fees charged for training that was provided to the industry.

The Branch ended FY-2010 the Federal Market Program with a net gain of \$1,017,291 and on the Federal State Program with a net gain of \$213,223.

### **Federal State Inspection Program**

In FY-2010 the two vacant Federal Program Managers positions were filled.

### **Good Agricultural Practices & Good Handling Practices (GAP&GHP) Audit Verification Program**

During FY-2010 the GAP&GHP Audit Verification Program continued to partner with state departments of agriculture to provide third party audit verification services to verify that fresh fruit and vegetable growers, packers, handlers, and receivers are adhering to the principles outlined in the Food and Drug Administration’s “Guide to Minimize Microbial Safety Hazards in Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.” The audits covered farms, packing houses, and receiving facilities which handle over 90 commodities, including commodity specific audits performed by California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) auditors for the California and Arizona Leafy Greens Marketing Agreements (LGMA) and the California Tomato Farmers Cooperative.

At the end of FY-2010 there were a total of 305 auditors or auditors-in-training licensed GAP&GHP auditors nationwide who met the requirements of the AMS ISAAP auditor criteria, including 56 who have attended and passed ISO-9001 Lead Auditor training. Table IV below summarizes GAP&GHP activity during FY-2010 compared to previous years. These numbers include commodity specific audits.

Table IV

<b>FISCAL YEAR</b>	<b>NO. GAP&amp;GHP AUDITS</b>
2010	2637 (including 400 LGMA)
2009	2252 (including 400 LGMA)
2008	1550 (including 400 LGMA)
2007	1055 (including 300 LGMA)

In FY-2010, the Branch participated in the Produce GAPs Harmonization Initiative, an industry driven initiative to review all the major North American GAP standards and develop one harmonized GAP standard. The Branch’s Audit Program Manager sat on the GAPs Harmonization Initiative Technical Working Group, which met two days each month to develop the Harmonized Standard. In addition, the Branch’s Business and Personnel Specialist and Audit Programs Manager sat on the Operations Committee of

the Initiative. The Harmonized Standard is currently being finalized, with a spring 2011 anticipated release date.

### **III. The Field Operations Sections (FOS)**

#### **Overview**

Field Operations Section (FOS) is responsible for ensuring that uniform grading services are provided to growers, shippers, receivers, government agencies and other financially interested parties. FOS supervises approximately 130 technical and administrative personnel who: (1) provide inspection services at 32 Federal Market Offices as well as Federal oversight of peanut inspection program services in Oklahoma; and (2) oversee the national Federal-State Inspection Program through which approximately 1,500 Federally-licensed State employees provide shipping point and cooperative market inspection services as well as audit verification services. Ten Federal Program Managers (FPM) stationed in five sites across the country, and one Federal Supervisor, provide technical oversight to the Federal-State programs, with one FPM serving as the nationwide Coordinator of FPM activity and reports.

FOS develops, implements, and oversees FPB programs including the Partners-In-Quality (PIQ) Program and the Customer Assisted Inspection Program (CAIP) for shipping point inspection, and the Branch Internal Quality Management System (BIQS) for oversight of the national shipping point inspection program. In conjunction with the Office of the Chief, provides audits under the Good Agricultural Practices and Good Handling Practices (GAP&GHP) Audit Verification Program for shipping point and terminal markets. FOS continues to identify, evaluate, implement, and maintain inspection programs that respond to the needs of the fresh fruit and vegetable industry.

FOS oversees FPB's Equipment and Forms Depot located in Fredericksburg, VA. FOS also coordinates the national uniform/safety shoe allowance program for FPB's inspection personnel.

#### **Branch Internal Quality Management System (BIQMS)**

The BIQMS program is based heavily on several quality assurance principles used by the International Organization for Standards (ISO) and embodied in Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points (HACCP) systems. Under BIQMS, the states' delivery of shipping point inspection services is monitored and adjustments are made through systematic reviews of documentation and other program indicators provided by state cooperators.

BIQMS reviews cover from one or two specific inspection issues, or scopes, (i.e., certificate accountability or Positive Lot Identification procedures) to the entire inspection and audit verification program within a state. Some states made modifications to their program and made corresponding revisions to their quality manuals.



Table I summarizes BIQMS activities during FY- 2010.

### Shipping Point

Table I

BIQMS Reviews	Cooperative Market Reviews
79	29

### Partners-In-Quality (PIQ)

Under PIQ, individual packing houses must continually demonstrate and document their ability to pack product that meets all requirements of Federal and State laws and of their customers. Packers that ensure the quality in the finished product by designing and implementing a PIQ quality system may issue special Federal certificates daily or at a customer's request, and are provided authority to affix a specially designed PIQ symbol to containers. The certificates indicate that the product was packed under a USDA-approved quality system. Effectiveness of the program is verified through periodic, unannounced audits of each packer's system by USDA-approved auditors.

FPB anticipates that it will continue to work with various state cooperators and industry groups in redefining non-conformities specific to their commodities and/or marketing order requirements in the future. Table II reflects PIQ activity for FY-2010.

Table II

No. of PIQ Houses	Breakdown by Commodity
23	21-Citrus; 1-Avocados; 1-Pistachios

### Customer Assisted Inspection Program (CAIP)

Under the Customer Assisted Inspection Program (CAIP), FPB inspection personnel oversee the in-line sampling and inspection process performed by trained company staff. Once participant procedures are established, USDA-licensed inspectors train company staff in performing inspections, including sampling, defect identification and scoring and note keeping, and, if they qualify, authorize them as "CAIP inspectors." USDA-licensed inspectors are responsible for the final certification. Table III reflects CAIP activity for FY- 2010.

Table III

No. of CAIP Houses	Breakdown by Commodity
48	26-Potatoes; 16-Onions; 3-Hazelnuts; 1-Pears; 1-Pistachios; 1-Sweet Cherries

## Grading Activity

Table IV below contains a summary of the volume of fresh products inspected during FY- 2010 and the comparison to 2009 figures. Other statistical data of significance are appended to this report.

Table IV

<b>Shipping Point</b>	<b>FY-2009</b>	<b>FY-2010</b>
Commercial Inspections	245,341,075	226,848,598
8-E (Import) Inspections	14,799,734	14,561,493
Non-8-E (Import) Inspections	1,036,490	802,886
Farmer's Stock Peanuts	62,630,289	41,284,506
Raw Products for Processing	300,418,963	273,864,877
<b>Total Shipping Point (CWT)</b>	<b>624,226,551</b>	<b>557,362,360</b>

<b>Receiving Markets</b>	<b>FY-2009</b>	<b>FY-2010</b>
Commercial Inspections	18,770,070	19,493,862
8-E (Import) Inspections	5,621,641	6,976,261
Non 8-E (Import) Inspection	168,672	147,778
DPSC Inspections	1,946,412	2,583,771
Institutions and Other Agencies	418,209	399,650
Contracts, Miscellaneous Inspections	1,685,371	1,912,692
Canadian Import Requirements	301,075	277,342
U.S. Export Acts Inspections	5,601	19,762
<b>Total Receiving Market (CWT)</b>	<b>28,917,051</b>	<b>31,811,118</b>

<b>Grand Totals</b>	<b>FY-2009</b>	<b>FY-2010</b>
<b>Total Inspected (CWT) All</b>	<b>648,018,262</b>	<b>589,173,478</b>

## Field and Field Operations Section

### Personnel

Table V below shows a breakdown of employees for FY-2010. The figures do not include approximately 1,500 Federally-licensed State inspection personnel who provide shipping point and cooperative market inspection services.

Table V

Location	No. of Employees
Field	123
Headquarters, including Supply Depot	9
<b>Totals</b>	<b>132</b>

### Federal Market Office Reviews

Table VI below shows the number of Federal Market Office Reviews performed during FY- 2010 (some offices were reviewed more than once).

Table VI

No. of Federal Market Office Reviews
40

## IV. Standardization and Training Section

### Overview

The Standardization and Training Section (STS) is located in Fredericksburg, VA at the National Training and Development Center (TDC). Staffing was previously consolidated and the combined section is responsible for all standards and training related activities for the Branch. Training is conducted for federal, state, industry, and international students and standards revisions affect the same contingent. During FY-2010 the TDC facility was merged with other AMS programs such as Poultry, Livestock, Cotton and Tobacco, Compliance and Analysis, and National Organic Programs. This AMS merger created a new facility known as the AMS Campus.

### Standardization

The STS develops and revises the U.S. Grade Standards for fresh fruits, vegetables, nuts and other special products. The section interprets the application of the U.S. Grade Standards by establishing new and/or revising existing grading manuals, the development of visual aids and inspection procedures issued to all Federal and Federal State

inspectors. The section assists with the review and development of international grade standards in cooperation with the Fruit and Vegetable Program's International Standards Coordinator.

The U.S. Grade Standards for fresh fruits, vegetables, nuts, and other related products serve the produce industry by providing a voluntary means for measuring levels of quality and value on a nationwide basis. The standards are recognized as an essential element in resolving disputes concerning quality by providing a common language for use by domestic and international trade, and promote efficiency in marketing and procurement. The section has the responsibility, in cooperation with industry for developing, updating, and otherwise improving the grade standards to reflect current and future marketing practices. More specifically, U.S. Grade Standards provide:

- (1) A voluntary means for determining levels of quality and value as a basis for:
  - sales quotations;
  - buyers' offers;
  - damage claims;
  - loan values;
  - futures trading;
  - military and other government purchases; and
  - Market News reporting.
- (2) Language for trading where the commodity cannot readily be displayed or examined by the prospective buyers.
- (3) Guides for packing which enable packers and processors to:
  - purchase suitable quality;
  - utilize raw products effectively; and
  - pack products for a diverse market or a specific market, both domestically and internationally.
- (4) A basis for classifying products as to quality in accordance with:
  - private buyers' or buying groups' specifications for their acceptance;
  - mandatory U.S. Import requirements;
  - Export Act for Apples; and
  - Federal and State Marketing Orders and Agreements.
- (5) A means of stating quality levels to be used on labels for official USDA marks as to quality and inspection.

## Summary of Standardization Accomplishments during FY-2010

(1) Standards being revised:

FY-2010
Potatoes
Ginseng

(2) Handbooks being revised or developed:

FY-2010
Peppers
Fresh-cut
Sweet corn
Kiwifruit
Potatoes
Mixed Commodities

U.S. Grade Standards in effect:

166 grade standards covering 86 commodities are in effect as follows:

Fresh Vegetables (98):

- Wholesale marketing (62);
- Consumer standards (12) (designed specifically for marketing in retail size containers); and
- Raw products for processing (24).

Fresh Fruits (46):

- Wholesale marketing (31); and
- Raw products for processing (15).

Nuts and Special Products (22):

- Tree nuts and peanuts (15); and
- Special products (7).

The U.S. Grade Standards (except for consumer standards) can be accessed on the Internet at: <http://www.ams.usda.gov/standards> . A checklist and how to order U.S. grade standards and inspection instructions can be accessed at: [www.ams.usda.gov/fv/fpbcheck.html](http://www.ams.usda.gov/fv/fpbcheck.html)

(3) Visual Aids:

STS develops visual aids for various fresh fruits, vegetables, nuts, and other special products to assist inspectors in performing their job.

STS is responsible for developing and distributing visual aids to over 100 offices nationwide. These visual aids include, but are not limited to: color and black and white photographs, color slides, three-dimensional models, and various color comparators. They are used to provide a uniform means of identifying factors in fresh produce such as shape, color, and various defects. They are essential in ensuring that produce is graded uniformly in all parts of the United States. It is crucial that each distribution be identical in shape and color. Use of these visual aids is imperative to provide accurate inspections. There are currently about 1,356 official visual aids used to identify and classify defects and to interpret portions of U.S. Grade Standards. Most visual aids and color comparators are currently available for sale.

Currently, STS employs the use of digital cameras in the task of developing new official visual aids. These images are in the form of computer graphic image files and are converted to color photographs and color comparators. A high-resolution photographic printer is used to print the visual aids. This method of developing and printing visual aids provides: an in-house method of quality control to ensure color accuracy; image editing capability; which is essential in creating visual aids of borderline specimens that are difficult to locate in the field; and a means of having completed visual aids ready for distribution in a timely manner.

The materials developed by the STS, such as the quick reference manual or the potato visual aid booklet must be printed in large quantities. In this case, the material has to be sent out for bid and given to an outside contractor to reproduce. In such cases, a specialist has to work closely with the contractor to ensure the quality of the product.

(4) Revised visual aids:

<b>FY-2010</b>
Peanut Skin Discoloration color comparator PN-1

(5) Distribution of Materials:

The number of various materials distributed to grading personnel, industry members and the public during FY-2010 was as follows:

FY-2010	
Grade Standards	170
Inspection Instructions	281
Handbook Update Index	2
Quick Reference Manual	37
Visual Aid	454
Potato Visual Aid Book	9
Miscellaneous	117

(6) Fresh Electronic Inspection Reporting/Resource System Review:

STS specialists revise and update information in the Fresh Electronic Inspection Reporting/Resource System (FEIRS) matrixes for the programming and testing of various commodity modules. STS coordinates these revisions with FOS and IMS and continue to revise reference materials available for access in FEIRS. Each reference file corresponds with a commodity and contains handbooks, standards, and visual aids for that commodity.

(7) Demonstrations and Exhibits:

STS Specialists and field personnel took part in several industry-sponsored meetings to discuss proposed new standards or the revision of existing standards through the standards review project, quality audit programs and traceability programs. Inspection personnel demonstrated inspection procedures to students and industry members at produce shipping points and receiving markets. Pamphlets were distributed explaining the grading services available and other informational materials.

(8) Inquiries and Instructions:

Responses were made to specialized inquiries from the public and business sectors. The inquiries ranged from consumer complaints about produce purchases to requests from international organizations for information of a technical nature.

Government officials, including members of Congress and delegations representing foreign countries, were among those making inquiries concerning technical provisions of the U.S. Grade Standards and other aspects of fresh fruit and vegetable marketing. The information furnished often included Departmental publications for these organizations to use in responding to public inquiries.

The grading manuals and standards are available to the public upon request and for a fee. The most frequent purchasers of these publications are chain store quality control personnel.

Informational brochures are frequently requested, especially by FPB personnel in the field, for use in meetings with the public. The publications, which are most often requested, include:

- Cost List for U.S. Standards and Inspection Instructions for Fresh Fruits and Vegetables and Other Special Products;
- Developing or Revising U.S. Standards;
- National Grading Service; and
- Summary of Import Requirements.

### **International Activities**

STS, in cooperation with the International Standards Coordinator, participates in the review and development of international quality grade standards through cooperative efforts with the U.S. produce industry, other Federal agencies and contacts in other countries. STS representatives worked with U.C. Davis and the U.S. Department of State to provide training to representatives from China and Argentina through the Cochran fellowship program.

### **Miscellaneous**

The Standardization Section also coordinates the numerous Freedom of Information Act and "financially interested party" requests and subpoenas for inspection related documents and records.

### **Training**

Training is vital to FPB in its efforts to ensure a high level of uniformity in inspection services. The STS provides technical training for both new Agricultural Commodity Graders (ACGs) and experienced ACGs, including supervisors. STS also provides supplemental training for support staff as needed, and is responsible for the coordination of overall FPB training activities. The STS provides On-the-Job Training (OJT) at various inspection sites upon request and cost recovery.

### **New Inspector Training Class (NIT)**

Due to a small number of federal and state new hires in 2010, a decision was made to forgo the eight-week class in FY- 2010.



### **Refresher Training Class (RTC)**

Continued use of on-line training courses by STS was part of the implementation of cost saving measures to reduce travel related training costs for FPB and state partners. STS conducted four Live Meeting commodity refresher classes and eight external classroom refreshers to about 250 federal and state inspectors. All federal FPB graders and all unrestricted licensees are required to complete RTC, a small number of State graders also attend. Topics covered during these training events included: reporting size on cherries and tomatoes; grading discrepancies on limes and onions; and various commodity updates. While the NIT focuses on providing the entry level ACG with the knowledge, skills and abilities to accurately grade fresh produce, the RTCs focus is on national uniformity of procedures with the reinforcement of technical training.

### **Industry Training Class**

FPB conducted three 1-week Industry Training Classes each in FY-2010. This portion of industry training is in conjunction with a partnership agreement with United Fresh Produce Association. The FY-2010 classes consisted of 62 attendees. Each session included classroom and “hands on” laboratory training on inspection procedures of approximately 12 fresh fruit and vegetable commodities. Also, time is devoted to Perishable Agricultural Commodities Act (PACA) rules and regulations, the explanation of how a U.S. grade standard is developed and general inspection information regarding the FV-300 and the Appeal procedures during the sessions.

In addition to the training sessions with United Fresh Produce Association, one external industry training session was held in FY-2010 for 12 employees from Whole Foods.

### **Food and Nutrition Service Classes**

In 2010, the U.S. Department of Agriculture launched the Produce Safety University (PSU), a new food safety initiative focusing on safe handling of fresh produce by school food service operators.

Two USDA agencies, the Food and Nutrition Service and Agricultural Marketing Service, teamed up to develop and implement classes designed to instruct staff who train school food service handlers. These classes – by invitation-only – are for the Food and Nutrition Service’s school foodservice program operators, state agency staff, and regional office staff.

All classes will incorporate Good Agricultural Practices and Good Handling Practices with relation to large and small growers, and farm-to-school programs and school gardens. Upon completion, all attendees will receive a certificate and training packet that can be used for regional, state, and local trainings on fresh produce handling and safety.

The first and second of three weeklong classes were held during August 9-13, 2010, and September 27 to October 1, 2010, combining a series of lecture, laboratory, and field-trip

instruction that covers all aspects of the fresh produce supply chain, from growing and harvesting, to storing, and ultimately preparing. A third class is scheduled for October 8 – 22, 2011. All classes are held at USDA's National Training and Development Center in Fredericksburg, VA. Also, in FY-2011 five classes will be held during May, June, July, and August.

### **Good Agricultural Practices & Good Handling Practices (GAP&GHP) Class**

FPB conducted two 3-day regional GAP&GHP Classes in FY-2010. The classes consisted of approximately 28 federal and federally-licensed State inspectors. The classes were held in the states of Colorado and Georgia. Each session included classroom training on Quality Systems Auditing Theory, Process Auditing, the Audit Checklist, Practical Information on Auditing Including Interview Techniques, Ethics and Conduct Review and Auditor Qualifications and Licensing.

In FY-2010 there were seven GAP&GHP Refresher classes conducted on-line using Live Meeting for approximately 250 federal and state auditors.

## **V. Safety and Health Program**

### **Safety and Health**

FPB did not conduct on-site safety visits of field offices and program manager offices due to budget restraints. However, FPB sent out a self assessment checklist to each field office to ensure all proper safety procedures were being followed. On March 16, 2010, three FPB employees took Standard First Aid with Adult CPR/AED training through the Red Cross.

The FPB Safety Officer attended the National Safety Symposium in Washington, DC, on September 9, 2010. The symposium offered such topics as fire safety, evacuation plans, and first aid training.

Evacuation direction signs were placed throughout the USDA National Training and Development Center, Fredericksburg, VA, after remodeling was completed. The signs, showing the new floor plan and location of employees, were created and hung by the FPB Safety Officer.

All FPB employees received monthly safety articles, two of which were authored by the FPB Safety Officer.

#### **Safety Training**

In FY-2010, FPB trained approximately 300 Federal and Federal-State employees in basic safety during its Refresher Training Classes. The safety class, developed by the

FPB Safety Officer, focused on slips, trips, and falls, as well as safe driving, lifting, and knife use.

## **VI. Information Management Services**

### **Merger of IT Resources with Processed Products Branch**

In FY- 2010, a new section was created in Processed Products Branch called FV Information Management Services Section (FV IMS) merging the Program Support Section from FPB and the information technology group from Processed Products Branch into a single section to serve both branches. This organizational change is intended to improve IT support capabilities by leveraging commonalities between the two branches' IT needs, cross-utilization of staff, streamlined communications, and economies of scale. FV IMS will also be providing application development for other Branches within F&V Programs as needed. The new section consists of six system administrators, four application developers, a database administrator and a section head.

### **FPB IT Infrastructure**

During FY-2010 FPB maintained on the AMS network, approximately 50 desktop computers and 156 laptop computers located in FPB offices. FPB also maintained nine servers located in FPB offices in Washington, DC. These servers provided shared access to files and software applications used by Branch employees.

In FY-2010, FPB started the transition for all offices using frame relay circuits for network connectivity to the USDA Universal Telecommunications Network (UTN) this transition will dramatically reduce our networking costs and improve network access speeds. The transition to the UTN should be completed in early FY-2011. FPB has also started the migration of some of the slower DSL connections to the UTN as well. Some of the offices moved from frame relay to DSL experienced slow network access that adversely affected the offices network access. To resolve these connectivity issues all offices that were experiencing slow network access are being migrated to the USDA UTN network to enhance their network connectivity.

New equipment was ordered to replace aging desktop and laptop computers in FY-2010. A total of 43 new tough book computers were ordered to replace all of the CF 29 systems in the field. These new systems will be deployed in early FY-2011. FV IMS will be working closely with the area offices to coordinate a smooth transition during the deployment of the new systems.

### **FEIRS Upgrades and Additions**

Significant changes have been implemented to FEIRS on line services and the reports that are now available. Approximately 25 new reports have been created and security has been enhanced to limit unauthorized access. To help speed up the time it takes for a

report to run and limit the load on the FEIRS database a reporting database was developed as well. In addition to the new and revised reports, work was started on developing the new potato, pineapple, and other pepper standards in FEIRS. These new standards along with some modifications to FEIRS will be available in FY-2011 with the deployment of FEIRS version 13.1

### **Coordination with AMS IT**

FPB relies on AMS IT for a range of IT services including network services, Outlook communications, security measures, infrastructure standards, and server hosting. During FY-2010 FPB IT staff worked closely with AMS IT staff in each of these areas. Key joint activities included conversion to UTN connectivity for offices using frame relay network connections and efforts to adhere to changing security policies implemented by AMS IT in compliance with Department requirements. Additionally, FV IMS is working closely with AMS IT in planning the migration of AMS/FPB file servers to a virtual environment in FY-2011.

## **VII. Financial Status of Inspection Programs**

### **Overview**

FPB conducts its national inspection program for fresh fruits, vegetables, and other related commodities by charging fees to applicants for Federal market inspections and audits, shipping point inspections in Oklahoma, and by applying Federal assessments to the revenues collected by cooperating agencies for shipping point, Federal-State market inspections, and audits. Congress appropriates funds to the branch annually to assist in developing U.S. Grade Standards and associated activities.

As shown below, the cost saving measure taken by the FPB was effective in that the branch reduced expenses enabling the Federal Market Program to end the year with a net gain.

### **Federal Market Inspection Program**

Financial Status Report for the Year Ended September 30, 2010

<b>Description</b>	<b>Period Ending 09/30/10</b>
Revenues (Incl. Interest) =	\$17,219,237
Less:	
FPB Expenses =	\$14,735,662
Program Area Expenses =	\$139,442
Agency Level Expenses =	\$1,326,841
Net Gain/(Loss) =	\$1,017,292

At the end of FY-2010 with a gain of \$1,017,292 and \$21,000 in positive prior-year adjustments the Federal Market Inspection Program's reserve fund was \$12,490,292 (approximately 9.3 months of expenses). This level of reserves is well above the 4-month level required by Agency policy. However operating expenses continue to challenge the incoming revenue. Therefore, ongoing efforts are necessary to maintain the program.

### **Federal-State Inspection Program**

#### Financial Status Report for the Year Ended September 30, 2010

<b>Description</b>	<b>Period Ending 09/30/10</b>
Revenues (Incl. Interest) =	\$3,600,746
Less:	
FPB Expenses =	\$2,989,764
Program Area Expenses =	\$139,441
Agency Level Expenses =	\$258,317
Net Gain/(Loss) =	\$213,224

With a gain of \$213,223, the Federal-State Inspection Program's reserve fund was \$2,067,224 (approximately 7.3 months of operating reserve) at the end of FY-2010. FPB will continue on-going cost cutting measures, although this program is operating within its means.

## **IX. Appendices**

### **Appendix I - Shipping Point Inspections**

Table I - Total Volume Inspected by State	22-23
Table II - Commercial SPI by State	24-25
Table III - Farmers' Stock Peanuts by State	26
Table IV - 8e (Import) Inspections by State & Commodity	27
Table V - Non-8e (Import) Inspections by State & Commodity	28-29
Table VI - Commercial SPI by Commodity, Fruits	30
Table VI - Commercial SPI by Commodity, Vegetables	31

### **Appendix II - Raw Products for Processing By State**

Table I - Raw Products For Processing by State	32
Table II - Raw Products for Processing by Commodity	33

### **Appendix III- Inspections at Receiving Markets**

Table I - Total Volume Inspected, CWT Basis	34-36
Table II - Commercial Inspections, Lots/Inspections & CWT Basis (Excluding Non-8e & 8e Shipments)	37-39
Table III - Non-8e (Import) Inspections by Market Office	40
Table IV - 8e (Import) Inspections by Market Office	41
Table V - Inspections for DPSC/DeCA by Market Office	42
Table VI - Institution Inspections for City, County, State, Federal and Private Agencies by Market Office	43
Table VII - Miscellaneous Inspections (freezing, weight, count only, etc.)	44
Table VIII - Inspections for Canadian Import Requirements	45
Table IX - Inspections for U.S. Export Acts, FV-207, and Notices of Sampling Issued, FV-187, FV-356	46

### **Appendix IV- Inspections of Fresh Fruits, Vegetables and Other Products at Receiving Markets**

Table I - All Commercial Inspections (Except for Non-8e and 8e Shipments) by Product	47-50
Table II - Non-8e (Import) Inspections by Product	51-52
Table III - 8e (Import) Inspections by Product	53

### **Appendix V - Summary of Inspections at Receiving Markets by Type, by CWT FY-2009 to 2010**

**Appendix I**  
**Shipping Point Inspection**

Table I: Total Volume Inspected  
(Reported in CWT)

<b><u>STATE</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Alabama	9,897,046	14,093,818
Arizona	8,047,647	7,525,811
Arkansas	0	2,631
California	35,129,846	43,047,007
Colorado	17,531,373	17,957,371
Delaware	3,702	5,480
Florida	152,800,300	184,013,424
Georgia	41,000,310	50,385,430
Idaho	106,741,028	103,337,470
Kansas	0	0
Louisiana	0	800
Maine	2,542,227	2,360,820
Maryland	60,738	122,581
Massachusetts	12,467	16,384
Michigan	1,939,215	4,141,413
Minnesota	10,754,731	6,610,965
Mississippi	214,768	199,309
Montana	2,503,812	2,678,876

Table I: Total Volume Inspected  
(Reported in CWT)  
(continued)

<u>STATE</u>	<u>FY-2010</u>	<u>FY-2009</u>
Nebraska	112,688	0
Nevada	18,356	36,553
New Jersey	453,239	514,994
New Mexico	1,620,560	1,443,411
New York	983,896	508,948
North Carolina	7,433,020	8,926,630
North Dakota	1,569,424	1,891,986
Oregon	34,734,115	38,346,894
Pennsylvania	5,227,770	4,537,744
South Carolina	175,905	1,143,325
South Dakota	5,855	27,435
Texas	24,860,466	30,824,473
Utah	36,046	33,081
Vermont	0	400
Virginia	5,161,094	6,998,535
Washington	83,053,797	89,004,620
West Virginia	286,551	526,613
Wisconsin	<u>2,616,414</u>	<u>2,961,320</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>557,528,406</b>	<b>624,226,552</b>

\* estimated totals only, based on available data being reported



**Appendix I**  
**Shipping Point Inspection**

Table II: Commercial Shipping Point Inspections  
by State (Excluding Farmers' Stock Peanuts,  
8e and Non-8e and Raw Products for Processing)  
(Reported in CWT)

<b><u>STATE</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Alabama	3,585,089	3,456,288
Arizona	741,065	914,484
Arkansas	0	2,631
California	35,129,446	43,046,767
Colorado	17,531,373	17,957,371
Delaware	3,702	5,480
Florida	23,413,487	28,033,268
Georgia	20,008,524	20,017,175
Idaho	47,522,398	43,445,828
Kansas	0	0
Louisiana	0	800
Maine	1,726,973	1,961,188
Maryland	60,738	122,581
Massachusetts	12,621	16,384
Michigan	715,972	828,157
Minnesota	430,633	480,330
Mississippi	0	0
Montana	2,503,812	2,678,876

Table II: Commercial Shipping Point Inspections  
by State (Excluding Farmers' Stock Peanuts,  
8e and Non-8e and Raw Products for Processing)  
(Reported in CWT)  
(continued)

<u>STATE</u>	<u>FY-2010</u>	<u>FY-2009</u>
Nebraska	112,688	0
Nevada	18,356	36,553
New Jersey	85,148	73,215
New Mexico	937,421	840,567
New York	983,896	508,948
North Carolina	4,284,760	4,180,610
North Dakota	1,569,424	1,891,986
Oregon	11,492,605	12,474,019
Pennsylvania	214,579	45,038
South Carolina	50,281	19,519
South Dakota	5,855	27,435
Texas	11,781,848	13,294,098
Utah	36,046	33,081
Vermont	0	400
Virginia	1,297,744	1,927,550
Washington	38,187,261	44,200,200
West Virginia	74,864	61,669
Wisconsin	<u>2,359,889</u>	<u>2,788,173</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>226,878,498</b>	<b>245,370,669</b>

\* estimated totals only, based on available data being reported

**Appendix I**  
**Shipping Point Inspections**

Table III: Farmers' Stock Peanuts by State  
(Reported in CWT)

<b><u>STATE</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Alabama	5,673,940	5,140,680
Florida	3,670,560	2,803,040
Georgia	20,028,600	18,030,000
Mississippi	312,240	137,260
New Mexico	554,840	665,920
North Carolina	2,711,880	2,755,600
Oklahoma	696,360	369,760
South Carolina	1,754,360	1,148,860
Texas	5,729,040	5,008,480
Virginia	332,360	<u>437,720</u>
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>41,464,180</b>	<b>36,497,320</b>

**Appendix I**  
**Shipping Point Inspections**

Table IV: 8e (Import) Inspections by State  
and by Commodity  
(Reported in CWT)

<b><u>STATE</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Arizona	6,614,387	5,760,549
California	0	240
Florida	133,637	111,386
New Mexico	0	2,790
Texas	7,813,469	<u>8,924,769</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>14,561,493</b>	<b>14,799,734</b>

<b><u>COMMODITY</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Avocados	5,746,104	6,481,332
Grapefruit	138,487	113,310
Grapes (Table)	3,332,553	2,414,171
Kiwifruit	0	0
Limes	173,213	0
Nectarines	141,487	9,686
Onions	4,853,191	2,687,868
Oranges	54,442	331,026
Potatoes	0	634
Tomatoes	122,016	2,751,532
Walnuts	0	<u>10,175</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>14,561,493</b>	<b>14,799,734</b>

\* estimated totals only, based on available data being reported

**Appendix I**  
**Shipping Point Inspections**

Table V: Non-8e (Import) Inspections by State and by Commodity  
(Reported in CWT)

<b><u>STATE</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Arizona	692,195	850,778
California	400	0
Minnesota	0	0
New Mexico	2,010	2,727
South Carolina	0	0
Texas	216	665
Virginia	108,065	<u>182,320</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>802,886</b>	<b>1,036,490</b>

<b><u>COMMODITY</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Asparagus	0	0
Beets	430	0
Broccoli	0	732
Cantaloupes	344,148	7,080
Carrots	216	1,076
Celery	0	778
Corn	0	0
Cucumbers	0	89,759
Eggplant	0	0

\* estimated totals only, based on available data being reported

Table V: Non-8e (Import) Inspections by State and by Commodity  
 (continued)  
 (Reported in CWT)

<u>COMMODITY</u>	<u>FY-2010</u>	<u>FY-2009</u>
Garlic	4697	0
Green Onions	0	0
Honeydews	0	1,563
Lemons	11,323	233
Lettuce	133,182	2,308
Limes	0	0
Mangos	682	17,302
Other Fruits	0	0
Other Vegetables	0	0
Papayas	0	6,602
Parsley	0	41,689
Peanuts	202,644	180,722
Peas	0	0
Peppers	0	0
Radishes	0	360
Spinach	722	0
Squash, Summer	0	0
Squash, Winter	102,614	2,510
Tomatoes	1,055	527,937
Watermelons	<u>812</u>	<u>155,839</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>802,525</b>	<b>1,036,490</b>

\* estimated totals only, based on available data being reported

**Appendix I**  
**Shipping Point Inspections**

Table VI: Commercial Shipping Point Inspections by Commodity, Fruits  
(Reported in CWT)

<b><u>FRUITS</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Apples	18,194,329	20,800,770
Apricots	93,719	149,258
Avocados	518,157	577,433
Blueberries	70,516	41,941
Cherries	3,664,166	4,898,705
Cranberries	48,983	453,411
Figs	0	0
Grapefruit	9,909,413	9,824,926
Grapes (Table)	6,716,102	8,131,007
Kiwifruit	440,412	422,650
Lemons	215,425	255,007
Limes	56,911	16
Mixed Fruit	60,449	124,499
Nectarines	399,909	479,559
Oranges	6,060,208	7,017,613
Other Fruits	62,636	32,842
Peaches	231,458	341,480
Pears	2,686,910	3,231,745
Persimmons	139,732	342,305
Plums	159,549	133,516
Prunes	107,741	30,372
Strawberries	778	4,535
Tangelos	65,725	38,896
Tangerines	2,678,190	<u>2,471,287</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>52,581,418</b>	<b>59,803,773</b>

\* estimated totals only, based on available data being reported

**Appendix I**  
**Shipping Point Inspections**

Table VI: Commercial Shipping Point Inspections by Commodity, Vegetables  
(Reported in CWT)

<b><u>VEGETABLES</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Artichokes	0	78
Asparagus	7,081	0
Beans	458	1,308
Beets	425	20
Broccoli	93,408	91,255
Cabbage	8,439	4,060
Cantaloups	13,148	6,656
Carrots	0	20,992
Cauliflower	6,374	14,213
Celery	518	120
Corn	665,802	638,186
Cucumbers	72,756	47,054
Eggplants	661	0
Garlic	675	1,317
Green Onions	0	30
Honeydews	8,925	6,836
Leaf Lettuce	0	426
Lettuce	658	5,077
Mixed Vegetables	812	8,238
Nappa	0	0
Other Vegetables	31,023	1,189
Onions (BGG)	11,968,120	13,605,650
Onions (ONN)	10,483,150	11,063,332
Parsley	0	18
Peppers	24,075	22,346
Potatoes	74,688,635	71,521,923
Potatoes, Seed	13,322,691	16,192,049
Radishes	0	17,027
Romaine	234	2,822
Spinach	0	546
Squash, Summer	12,946	480
Squash, Winter	0	224
Sweet Potatoes	415,277	8,178
Tomatoes, Fresh	10,004,318	13,727,950
Turnips	0	186
Watermelons	<u>1,085</u>	<u>13,491</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>121,831,694</b>	<b>127,023,277</b>

\* estimated totals only, based on available data being reported



**Appendix II**  
**Raw Products for Processing**

Table I: Raw Products for Processing by State  
(Reported in CWT)

<b><u>STATE</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Arizona	27,899	22,906
Delaware	0	1,170
Florida	126,249,367	152,160,629
Idaho	59,218,630	59,891,642
Maine	815,407	399,632
Michigan	1,223,243	3,313,256
Minnesota	10,324,098	6,130,635
New Jersey	368,091	441,779
New Mexico	0	0
New York	0	0
North Carolina	0	40,000
North Dakota	0	0
Oregon	23,241,510	25,872,875
Pennsylvania	5,013,191	4,492,706
Virginia	2,048,693	2,209,222
Washington	44,866,536	44,804,420
West Virginia	211,687	464,944
Wisconsin	<u>256,525</u>	<u>173,147</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>273,864,877</b>	<b>300,418,963</b>

\* estimated totals only, based on available data being reported

**Appendix II**  
**Raw Products for Processing**

Table II: Raw Products for Processing by Commodity  
(Reported in CWT)

<b><u>COMMODITY</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Apples	5,530,451	6,276,251
Grapefruit	9,294,982	10,518,205
Grapes, Process	2,877,401	3,967,060
Onions	0	0
Oranges	115,515,455	140,607,425
Peaches	2,109,165	1,841,884
Pears	103,615	91,533
Peas	0	637,434
Peppers	9,001	164,277
Potatoes	138,056,716	135,869,332
Tomatoes	368,091	441,779
Watercress	<u>0</u>	<u>3,783</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>273,864,877</b>	<b>300,418,963</b>

\* estimated totals only, based on available data being reported

**Appendix III**  
**Inspections at Receiving Markets**

Table I: Total Volume Inspected, CWT Basis

<b><u>MARKETS</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>	<b><u>VARIANCE</u></b>
Alamo, TX <sup>1</sup>	595,782	338,159	257,623
Albany, GA <sup>1</sup>	1,207,859	1,207,485	374
Albany, NY <sup>2</sup>	727,328	698,994	28,334
Anchorage, AK <sup>1</sup>	494,712	53,908	440,804
Atlanta, GA	424,340	469,116	(44,776)
Baltimore/Washington	363,925	321,928	41,997
Baton Rouge, LA <sup>1</sup>	37,790	34,296	3,494
Birmingham, AL <sup>1</sup>	589,770	647,945	(58,175)
Boise, ID <sup>1</sup>	9,182	1,297	7,885
Boston, MA	819,112	827,958	(8,846)
Brooklyn, NY	300,061	475,185	(175,124)
Buffalo, NY <sup>3</sup>	0	31,014	(31,014)
Chicago, IL	1,217,819	1,200,531	17,288
Cincinnati, OH	322,007	348,958	(26,951)
Cleveland, OH	275,218	178,150	97,068
Columbia, SC <sup>1</sup>	103,723	96,783	6,940
Dallas, TX	634,550	634,248	302
Denver, CO	144,573	155,012	(10,439)
Detroit, MI	391,071	334,250	56,821
Dover, DE <sup>1</sup>	4,385	2,154	2,231
El Paso, TX <sup>3</sup>	0	76,222	(76,222)
Fairbanks, AK <sup>2</sup>	0	50,024	(50,024)
Grand Rapids, MI <sup>1</sup>	0	122,389	(122,389)
Harrisburg, PA <sup>1</sup>	164,480	205,745	(41,265)

<sup>1</sup>/ Cooperative Market office and reports all Cooperative Market inspections within the state.

<sup>2</sup>/ Cooperative Market office.

<sup>3</sup>/Became a Cooperative Market office in August 2009.

**NOTE:** Offices without footnote numbers are Federal Market offices.

Table I: Total Volume Inspected, CWT Basis (continued)

<b><u>MARKETS</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>	<b><u>VARIANCE</u></b>
Hartford, CT	447,573	404,959	42,614
Honolulu, HI <sup>1</sup>	140,872	141,930	(1,058)
Houston, TX	460,794	364,656	96,138
Indianapolis, IN	88,922	84,359	4,563
Jacksonville, FL <sup>2</sup>	228,272	22,913	205,359
Kansas City, MO	452,966	398,601	54,365
Lansing, MI <sup>1</sup>	121,052	0	121,052
Las Cruces, NM <sup>1</sup>	3,793	7,361	(3,568)
Little Rock, AR	5,999	4,453	1,546
Los Angeles, CA	2,980,392	3,108,643	(128,251)
Memphis, TN	105,854	96,473	9,381
Miami, FL	555,074	482,082	72,992
Milwaukee, WI	180,554	188,604	(8,050)
Monett, MO <sup>1</sup>	19,853	30,029	(10,176)
Monte Vista, CO <sup>1</sup>	7,249	4,435	2,814
Nashville, TN <sup>1</sup>	62,036	34,145	27,891
Newark, NJ	1,304,364	1,230,390	73,974
New York, NY	1,426,902	1,647,677	(220,775)
Nogales, AZ <sup>2</sup>	0	0	0
Norfolk, VA	834,362	655,292	179,070
Oklahoma City, OK	22,458	27,193	(4,735)
Orlando, FL <sup>2</sup>	262,978	235,458	27,520
Philadelphia, PA	4,560,827	4,415,979	144,848
Phoenix, AZ <sup>2</sup>	210,136	281,754	(71,618)
Pittsburgh, PA	125,947	96,869	29,078
Pompano Beach, FL <sup>2</sup>	474,225	44,557	429,668
Portland, OR	94,855	111,223	(16,368)
Presque Isle, ME <sup>1</sup>	9,710	11,256	(1,546)

Table I: Total Volume Inspected, CWT Basis (continued)

<u>MARKETS</u>	<u>FY-2010</u>	<u>FY-2009</u>	<u>VARIANCE</u>
Raleigh, NC <sup>1</sup>	744,387	477,152	267,235
Richmond, VA <sup>2</sup>	683,074	76,860	606,214
Rochester, NY <sup>2</sup>	74,518	35,205	39,313
Sacramento, CA <sup>1</sup>	2,267,331	2,071,787	195,544
Salem, OR <sup>1</sup>	13,553	473	13,080
San Antonio, TX	493,139	421,087	72,052
San Francisco, CA	258,858	246,460	12,398
San Juan, PR	303,738	231,023	72,715
Seattle, WA	96,860	127,234	(30,374)
Spokane, WA <sup>1</sup>	228,692	186,644	42,048
Saint Louis, MO	614,039	672,034	(57,995)
Saint Paul, MN <sup>1</sup>	316,325	324,275	(7,950)
Syracuse, NY <sup>2</sup>	54,517	81,593	(27,076)
Tampa, FL <sup>2</sup>	320,471	266,893	53,578
Trenton, NJ <sup>1</sup>	1,081,618	783,897	297,721
Wilkes-Barre, PA	<u>244,292</u>	<u>271,392</u>	(27,100)
TOTALS*	31,811,118	28,917,051	24,164,445

<sup>1</sup>/ Cooperative Market office and reports all Cooperative Market inspections within the state.

<sup>2</sup>/ Cooperative Market office

<sup>3</sup>/ became a Cooperative Market office in August 2009

**NOTE:** Offices without footnote numbers are Federal Market offices.

\* estimated totals only, based on available data being reported

## Appendix III

### Inspections at Receiving Markets

Table II: Commercial (Domestic) Inspections, Lots/Inspections  
and CWT Basis  
(Excluding Non-8e and 8e Shipments)

<u>MARKETS</u>	<u>FY-2010</u>				<u>FY-2009*</u>			
	<u>FV-300</u>		<u>FV-301</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>FV-300</u>		<u>FV-301</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>LOTS**</u>	<u>CWT</u>	<u>CWT</u>	<u>CWT</u>	<u>LOTS**</u>	<u>CWT</u>	<u>CWT</u>	<u>CWT</u>
Alamo, TX	1,857	595,782	0	595,782	1,220	338,159	0	338,159
Albany, GA	378	47,128	0	47,128	219	44,984	0	44,984
Albany, NY	2,495	720,290	0	720,290	2,558	682,672	0	682,672
Anchorage, AK	85	3,291	0	3,291	84	2,661	0	2,661
Atlanta, GA*	3,054	315,006	105,071	420,077	3,161	315,491	139,792	455,283
Baltimore/Wash.*	2,889	330,849	7,592	338,441	2,950	281,405	8,399	289,804
Baton Rouge, LA	371	37,790	0	37,790	378	34,296	0	34,296
Birmingham, AL	807	112,815	0	112,815	495	118,093	0	118,093
Boise, ID	57	9,182	0	9,182	12	1,297	0	1,297
Boston, MA*	5,659	637,256	146,682	783,938	5,164	625,965	120,817	746,782
Brooklyn, NY*	2,008	285,997	4,548	290,545	1,789	252,981	10,988	263,969
Buffalo, NY <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	304	29,325	1,689	31,014
Chicago, IL*	7,506	1,136,984	69,768	1,206,752	7,615	1,051,079	108,981	1,160,060
Cincinnati, OH*	1,693	248,915	51,852	300,767	1,590	254,462	49,440	303,902
Cleveland, OH*	1,853	196,631	34,047	230,678	1,671	164,642	2,810	167,452
Columbia, SC	652	98,289	0	98,289	1,094	80,849	0	80,849
Dallas, TX*	4,249	572,125	57,334	629,459	4,102	521,257	79,481	600,738
Denver, CO*	1,107	88,690	3,794	92,484	1,061	81,424	944	82,368
Detroit, MI*	3,109	287,049	43,965	331,014	2,881	218,628	46,124	264,752
Dover, DE	12	4,385	0	4,385	9	2,154	0	2,154
El Paso, TX <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	178	23,975	9,881	33,856
Fairbanks, AK	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,116	3,116
Grand Rapids, MI	0	0	0	0	778	122,389	0	122,389
Harrisburg, PA	1,085	149,325	0	149,325	1,191	162,561	0	162,561
Hartford, CT*	3,197	360,019	23,800	383,819	2,948	322,850	17,659	340,509
Honolulu, HI	82	5,424	0	5,424	90	5,750	0	5,750
Houston, TX*	2,228	278,153	26,413	304,566	2,500	263,359	18,816	282,175

Table II: Commercial (Domestic) Inspections, Lots/Inspections  
and CWT Basis  
(Excluding Non-8e and 8e Shipments)  
(continued)

MARKETS	FY-2010				FY-2009*			
	FV-300 LOTS**	FV-300 CWT	FV-301 CWT	Total CWT	FV-300 LOTS**	FV-300 CWT	FV-301 CWT	Total CWT
Indianapolis, IN*	806	72,288	9,834	82,122	845	69,622	10,128	79,750
Jacksonville, FL	998	218,717	0	218,717	82	20,820	0	20,820
Kansas City, MO*	2,226	267,305	47,637	314,942	1,855	216,774	68,460	285,234
Lansing, MI	636	121,052	0	121,052				
Las Cruces, NM	11	3,600	0	3,600	22	6,390	0	6,390
Little Rock, AR*	0	0	5,724	5,724	2	800	4,453	5,253
Los Angeles, CA*	6,280	1,086,038	200,363	1,286,401	7,605	1,413,408	285,098	1,698,506
Memphis, TN*	876	95,984	9,870	105,854	814	87,541	3,702	91,243
Miami, FL*	3,421	299,243	29,641	328,884	2,954	292,392	47,503	339,895
Milwaukee, WI*	1,374	169,894	7,587	177,481	1,189	156,234	12,147	168,381
Monett, MO	193	19,853	0	19,853	290	30,029	0	30,029
Monte Vista, CO	23	7,249	0	7,249	14	4,435	0	4,435
Nashville, TN	309	62,036	0	62,036	216	34,145	0	34,145
Newark, NJ*	5,544	1,017,862	119,733	1,137,595	5566	961,344	83,300	1,044,644
New York, NY*	11,734	1,278,962	95,562	1,374,524	10,604	1,168,020	201,183	1,369,203
Norfolk, VA*	168	10,478	16,925	27,403	153	11,404	5,646	17,050
Oklahoma City, OK*	200	20,194	1,464	21,658	220	24,665	396	25,061
Orlando, FL	956	215,534	0	215,534	892	195,510	0	195,510
Philadelphia, PA*	8,139	1,462,980	1,147,632	2,610,612	9,388	1,775,252	1,204,938	2,980,190
Phoenix, AZ	1,196	210,127	0	210,127	1,523	281,587	0	281,587
Pittsburgh, PA*	1,506	88,726	34,021	122,747	1,400	71,468	24,171	95,639
Pompano Beach, FL	2,177	367,268	0	367,268	137	17,354	0	17,354
Portland, OR*	922	87,285	2,712	89,997	1,077	103,127	3,182	106,309

Table II: Commercial (Domestic) Inspections, Lots/Inspections  
and CWT Basis  
(Excluding Non-8e and 8e Shipments)  
(continued)

MARKETS	FY-2010			Total CWT	FY-2009*			Total CWT
	FV-300 LOTS**	FV-300 CWT	FV-301 CWT		FV-300 LOTS**	FV-300 CWT	FV-301 CWT	
Presque Isle, ME	50	9,710	0	9,710	68	11,256	0	11,256
Raleigh, NC	1,764	320,432	0	320,432	1,319	291,723	0	291,723
Richmond, VA	697	87,789	0	87,789	761	76,860	0	76,860
Rochester, NY	703	74,513	0	74,513	339	35,205	0	35,205
Sacramento, CA	2,219	458,088	0	458,088	1,823	285,104	0	285,104
Saint Louis, MO*	4,164	563,897	44,817	608,714	4,247	627,089	35,570	662,659
Saint Paul, MN	2,192	251,542	0	251,542	2,202	252,720	0	252,720
Salem, OR	53	11,818	0	11,818	2	473	0	473
San Antonio, TX*	2,073	245,783	150,124	395,907	2,233	230,717	87,999	318,716
San Francisco, CA*	1,405	110,808	5,077	115,885	1,645	118,890	12,538	131,428
San Juan, PR*	461	66,449	37,641	104,090	454	66,594	66,367	132,961
Seattle, WA*	820	68,929	2,233	71,162	1,103	86,559	2,202	88,761
Spokane, WA	302	98,059	0	98,059	266	80,556	0	80,556
Syracuse, NY	326	54,517	0	54,517	447	81,593	0	81,593
Tampa, FL	2,198	293,247	0	293,247	2,125	252,548	0	252,548
Trenton, NJ	1,184	287,016	0	287,016	2,124	280,791	0	280,791
Wilkes-Barre, PA*	<u>1,511</u>	<u>233,213</u>	<u>10,539</u>	<u>243,752</u>	<u>1,684</u>	<u>244,915</u>	<u>23,528</u>	<u>268,443</u>
<b>TOTALS**</b>	118,250	16,939,860	2,554,002	<b>19,493,862</b>	115,732	15,968,622	2,801,448	<b>18,770,070</b>

<sup>1</sup>/ became a Cooperative Market office in August 2009

\* Federal Market Lots are based on FV-300 data only.

\*\* Due to Federal Market data being collected using the Fresh Electronic Inspection Reporting/Resource System (FEIRS): **Non-Section 8e (Imports)** inspection data is combined with the above Federal office **Commercial (Domestic)** inspection data. Estimated totals only, based on available data being reported.



**Appendix III**  
**Inspections at Receiving Markets**

Table III: Non-8e (Import) Inspections By Cooperative Market Office

<b><u>MARKETS</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>		<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>	
	<b><u>LOTS</u></b>	<b><u>CWT</u></b>	<b><u>LOTS</u></b>	<b><u>CWT</u></b>
Albany, GA	240	111,102	267	124,901
Birmingham, AL	0	0	11	4,620
Harrisonburg, PA	354	34,933	320	29,710
Las Cruces, NM	3	193	11	971
Sacramento, CA	<u>4</u>	<u>1,550</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>8,470</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>601</b>	<b>147,778</b>	<b>653</b>	<b>168,672</b>

\*due to Federal Market data being collected using the Fresh Electronic Inspection Reporting/Resource System (FEIRS): **Non-Section 8e (Imports)** inspection data combined with **Commercial (Domestic)** inspection data.

## Appendix III

### Inspections at Receiving Markets

Table IV: Section 8e (Import) Inspections By Market Office

MARKETS	FY-2010*				FY-2009*			
	FV-300		FV-301	Total	FV-300		FV-301	Total
	LOTS**	CWT	CWT	CWT	LOTS**	CWT	CWT	CWT
Albany, GA	1,620	787,284	0	787,284	1,340	652,389	0	652,389
Albany, NY	24	7,014	0	7,014	53	16,312	0	16,312
Atlanta, GA*	12	1,993	0	1,993	0	0	0	0
Baltimore/Wash.*	6	2,902	0	2,902	0	0	0	0
Boston, MA*	1	430	8,022	8,452	0	0	3,863	3,863
Brooklyn, NY*	39	9,373	0	9,373	18	4,327	0	4,327
Chicago, IL*	0	0	164	164	1	522	88	610
Columbia, SC	26	5,434	0	5,434	52	15,934	0	15,934
Dallas, TX*	18	2,963	0	2,963	67	11,838	0	11,838
El Paso, TX <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	109	33,083	84	33,167
Harrisburg, PA	32	15,155	0	0	38	11,822	0	11,822
Hartford, CT*	1	38	0	38	0	0	0	0
Honolulu, HI	75	27,734	0	27,734	26	6,094	0	6,094
Houston, TX*	405	154,332	425	154,757	227	72,847	98	72,945
Jacksonville, FL	13	5,280	0	5,280	6	1,882	0	1,882
Los Angeles, CA*	1,948	1,146,147	49,872	1,196,019	2,085	1,135,395	22,387	1,157,782
Miami, FL*	519	184,478	2,272	186,750	410	132,368	2,982	135,350
Milwaukee, WI*	1	24	0	24	0	0	0	0
Newark, NJ*	290	100,689	63,280	163,969	221	110,910	54,503	165,413
New York, NY*	188	49,035	494	49,529	107	21,518	8,430	29,948
Orlando, FL	176	45,239	0	45,239	108	27,716	0	27,716
Philadelphia, PA*	1,167	510,315	1,217,028	1,727,343	1,345	564,972	665,996	1,230,968
Pompano Beach, FL	349	98,355	0	98,355	81	25,507	0	25,507
Richmond, VA	34	13,600	0	13,600	0	0	0	0
Sacramento, CA	2,318	1,461,376	0	1,461,376	2,434	1,411,491	0	1,411,491
Salem, OR	4	1,735	0	1,735	0	0	0	0
San Antonio, TX*	2	1,000	0	1,000	10	4,608	0	4,608
San Francisco, CA*	43	22,522	0	22,522	27	8,000	0	8,000
San Juan, PR*	631	179,767	551	180,318	374	80,550	680	81,230
Seattle, WA*	2	1,080	0	1,080	0	0	0	0
Tampa, FL	24	18,872	0	18,872	13	9,339	0	9,339
Trenton, NJ	2,308	794,602	0	794,602	1,476	503,106	0	503,106
Wilkes-Barre, PA*	1	540	0	540	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTALS**</b>	<b>12,277</b>	<b>5,649,308</b>	<b>1,342,108</b>	<b>6,976,261</b>	<b>10,628</b>	<b>4,862,530</b>	<b>759,111</b>	<b>5,621,641</b>

<sup>1/</sup> became a Cooperative Market office in August 2009

\* Federal Market Lots are based on FV-300 data only.

\*\* Due to Federal Market data being collected using the Fresh Electronic Inspection Reporting/Resource System (FEIRS): **Non-Section 8e (Imports)** inspection data is combined with the above Federal office **Commercial (Domestic)** inspection data. Estimated totals only, based on available data being reported.

**Appendix III**  
**Inspections At Receiving Markets**

Table V: Inspections for Defense Personnel Support Center (DPSC) or  
 Defense Commissary Agency (DeCA)  
 by Market Office, CWT Basis

<b><u>MARKETS</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Albany, GA	373,419	385,171
Anchorage, AK	491,421	51,247
Baltimore/Washington*	21,934	7,603
Chicago, IL*	400	0
Cincinnati, OH*	10,759	26,657
Denver, CO*	47,139	62,403
Fairbanks, AK	0	46,908
Kansas City, MO*	136,432	110,691
Los Angeles, CA*	304,512	230,427
Norfolk, VA*	805,105	636,558
Sacramento, CA	147,275	151,918
San Antonio, TX*	91,876	86,387
San Francisco, CA*	112,673	104,321
San Juan, PR*	19,330	14,246
Seattle, WA*	<u>21,496</u>	<u>31,875</u>
<b>TOTALS**</b>	<b>2,583,771</b>	<b>1,946,412</b>

\*Federal Market

\*\*Estimated totals only, based on available data being reported.

**Appendix III**  
**Inspections at Receiving Markets**

Table VI: Institution Inspections for City, County, State, Federal and Private Agencies by Market Office, CWT Basis

<b><u>MARKET</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Atlanta, GA*	1,820	605
Baltimore/Washington*	600	4,662
Boston, MA*	2,400	2,341
Brooklyn/Queens*	0	400
Chicago, IL*	9,608	11,866
Cincinnati, OH*	9,921	2,410
Cleveland, OH*	1,600	2,810
Dallas, TX*	2,028	4,162
Denver, CO*	3,267	2,800
Detroit, MI*	4,801	3,165
Hartford, CT*	2,400	1,700
Harrisburg, PA	0	1,652
Honolulu, HI	107,714	130,086
Houston, TX*	100	2,005
Indianapolis, IN*	6,800	3,210
Kansas City, MO*	1,592	1,205
Los Angeles, CA*	11,600	5,022
Memphis, TN*	0	805
Miami, FL*	0	400
Milwaukee, WI*	2,800	3,610
Newark, NJ*	2,400	0
New York, NY*	1,200	4,027
Norfolk, VA*	0	800
Oklahoma City, OK*	800	800
Philadelphia, PA*	0	1,200
Pittsburgh, PA*	3,200	800
Portland, OR*	3,583	2,766
Sacramento, CA*	200,592	214,804
San Antonio, TX*	3,744	2,881
San Francisco, CA*	7,778	2,010
Seattle, WA*	2,802	1,605
St. Louis, MO*	<u>4,500</u>	<u>1,600</u>
<b>TOTALS**</b>	<b>399,650</b>	<b>418,209</b>

\*Federal Market

\*\*Estimated totals only, based on available data being reported.

**Appendix III**  
**Inspections at Receiving Markets**

Table VII: Miscellaneous  
Inspections (freezing, weight, count only, etc.), CWT Basis

<b><u>MARKET</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Atlanta, GA*	15,959	13,228
Baltimore/Washington*	23,435	19,859
Birmingham, AL	425,041	525,232
Boston, MA*	41,128	36,947
Brooklyn/Queens*	7,687	206,489
Buffalo, NY <sup>1</sup>	0	637
California PIQ	0	136,716
Chicago, IL*	22,358	27,842
Cincinnati, OH*	9,903	15,409
Cleveland, OH*	4,607	7,308
Dallas, TX*	10,027	17,059
Denver, CO*	4,327	7,201
Detroit, MI*	4,439	6,478
El Paso, TX <sup>1</sup>	0	883
Hartford, CT*	10,249	7,879
Houston, TX*	9,471	7,532
Indianapolis, IN*	835	1,399
Jacksonville, FL	4,275	211
Kansas City, MO*	11,873	1,471
Little Rock, AR*	275	0
Los Angeles, CA*	17,183	18,964
Memphis, TN*	4,281	4,426
Miami, FL*	7,623	6,438
Milwaukee, WI*	13,616	16,613
Newark, NJ*	14,420	19,898
New York, NY*	51,195	255,526
Norfolk, VA*	2,440	884
Williamston, NC	0	185,429
Oklahoma, City, OK*	2,224	1,332
Orlando, FL	2,205	12,232
Philadelphia, PA*	17,003	15,233
Pittsburgh, PA*	762	430
Portland, OR*	673	1,939
Pompano Beach, FL	7,392	1,581
Raleigh, NC	423,955	0
Richmond, VA	581,685	0
San Antonio, TX*	8,184	8,495
San Francisco, CA*	915	702
San Juan, PR*	2,080	2,585
Seattle, WA*	1,782	4,153
Spokane, WA	130,633	106,088
St. Louis, MO*	7,388	7,775
Tampa, FL	7,975	5,006
Wilkes-Barre, PA*	<u>1,189</u>	<u>2,949</u>
<b>TOTALS**</b>	<b>1,912,692</b>	<b>1,685,371</b>

<sup>1</sup> / became a Cooperative Market office in August 2009

\* Federal Market

\*\* Estimated totals only, based on available data being reported.

**Appendix III**  
**Inspections at Receiving Markets**

Table VIII: Inspections for Canadian Import Requirements,  
CWT Basis

<b><u>MARKET</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Albany, GA	28	40
Albany, NY	13	5
Boston, MA*	23,579	38,025
Chicago, IL*	234	153
Cincinnati, OH*	560	580
Cleveland, OH*	425	0
Dallas, TX*	0	451
Denver, CO*	1,598	240
Detroit, MI*	54,990	59,855
El Paso, TX <sup>1</sup>	0	8,316
Hartford, CT*	12,709	50,437
Los Angeles, CA*	33,687	8,971
Miami, FL*	384	0
New York, NY*	216	0
Newark, NJ*	400	0
Philadelphia, PA*	80,641	61,148
Phoenix, AZ	9	135
Pompano Beach, FL	1,107	115
Portland, OR*	1,275	210
Seattle, WA*	320	839
St. Louis, MO*	384	0
St. Paul, MN	<u>64,783</u>	<u>71,555</u>
<b>TOTALS**</b>	<b>277,342</b>	<b>301,075</b>

<sup>1</sup>/ became a Cooperative Market office in August 2009

\* Federal Market

\*\* Estimated totals only, based on available data being reported.

**Appendix III**  
**Inspections At Receiving Markets**

Table IX: Inspections for U.S. Export Acts, FV-207, CWT Basis  
and Number of Notices of Sampling Issued, FV-187, FV-356

<b><u>MARKET</u></b>	<b><u>U.S. EXPORT ACTS</u></b>		<b><u>NOTICES OF SAMPLING CERTIFICATES ISSUED</u></b>	
	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Albany, GA	28	0	25	0
Albany, NY	11	5	0	0
Atlanta, GA*	0	0	1	1
Boston, MA*	0	0	1	2
Brooklyn, NY*	0	0	7	0
Chicago, IL*	0	0	4	0
Cleveland, OH*	0	0	0	1
Dallas, TX*	0	0	0	2
El Paso, TX <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	77
Hartford, CT*	8,510	4,434	0	0
Houston, TX*	0	0	2	1
Las Cruces, NM	0	0	0	1
Los Angeles, CA*	10,620	695	31	12
Miami, FL*	0	0	2	2
Newark, NJ*	0	435	32	29
New York, NY*	0	0	4	2
Philadelphia, PA*	588	0	1,638	1,285
Phoenix, AZ	0	32	459	346
Portland, OR*	0	0	0	0
Rochester, NY	5	0	0	5
San Antonio, TX*	0	0	0	0
San Francisco, CA*	0	0	9	21
San Juan, PR*	0	0	1	0
<b>TOTALS**</b>	<b>19,762</b>	<b>5,601</b>	<b>2,216</b>	<b>1,787</b>

<sup>1</sup>/ became a Cooperative Market office in August 2009

\* Federal Market

\*\* Estimated totals only, based on available data being reported.

**Appendix IV**  
**Inspections of Fresh Fruits, Vegetables**  
**and Other Products at Receiving Markets**

Table I: All Commercial Inspections\*  
(Except for Non-8e and 8e Shipments)  
by Product

<b><u>PRODUCT COMMODITY</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>		<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>	
	<b><u>LOTS**</u></b>	<b><u>CWT</u></b>	<b><u>LOTS**</u></b>	<b><u>CWT</u></b>
Almonds	24	10,728	12	426
Anise, Sweet	22	977	28	586
Apples	2,851	602,162	2,769	457,117
Apricots	239	14,769	342	26,444
Artichokes	96	5,685	119	5,087
Asparagus	2,741	157,978	3,193	178,176
Avocados	503	57,562	363	43,610
Bananas	132	41,471	189	53,843
Beans	1,558	112,795	1,364	84,853
Beets	73	2,644	42	1,584
Blueberries	2,142	195,086	2,044	262,167
Bok Choy	144	7,313	93	4,724
Brazil Nuts	12	5,040	1	28
Broccoli	1,674	200,547	1,397	175,564
Brussels Sprouts	121	4,537	82	2,637
Cabbage	560	256,476	448	88,388
Cantaloupes	3,622	924,911	3,288	802,533
Carrots	420	85,938	313	61,248
Cauliflower	1,361	122,024	1,342	121,613
Celery	710	103,111	732	116,517
Cherries	2,467	222,954	3,740	491,086
Chestnuts	1	317	4	1,124
Christmas Trees	N/A	4,020	1	60
Coconuts	21	7,712	13	3,868
Corn	820	181,283	837	191,628
Cranberries	77	13,076	71	11,207

\*estimates only, based on available data being reported

\*\*Included Federal data pertaining to lots is based on FV-300 only.



Table I: All Commercial Inspections\*  
 (Except for Non-8e and 8e Shipments)  
 by Product (continued)

<u>PRODUCT COMMODITY</u>	<u>FY-2010</u>		<u>FY-2009</u>	
	<u>LOTS**</u>	<u>CWT</u>	<u>LOTS**</u>	<u>CWT</u>
Cucumbers	3,857	525,202	3,366	430,105
Cut Flowers	0	0	21	4,138
Eggplants	1,267	90,952	1,254	77,867
End/Esc/Chic	42	1,453	41	1,310
Figs	14	90	1	39
Filberts	3	3,489	3	5,227
Garlic	182	69,429	90	14,545
Ginger Root	51	7,735	78	18,747
Grapefruit	370	38,102	539	54,205
Grape, Juice	4	229	18	3,068
Grapes, Table	7,506	1,858,153	8,818	2,026,223
Green Onions	452	26,565	588	33,125
Greens	184	6,869	206	6,636
Honeydews	1,654	334,750	1,378	240,757
Horseradish	0	0	3	1,332
Kiwifruit	171	24,361	197	35,851
Leaf Lettuce	204	15,436	171	8,652
Leeks	21	1,061	16	766
Lemons	1,553	160,834	1,570	172,523
Lettuce	6,370	1,000,145	6,868	918,598
Limes	1,675	207,237	1,633	184,580
Mangos	2,313	437,211	2,443	369,359
Mixed Lots <sup>1</sup>	220	89,495	330	95,884
Mixed Nuts	N/A	2,534	3	385
Mushrooms	47	1,487	31	625
Nappa	199	23,919	177	19,395

\*estimates only, based on available data being reported

\*\*Included Federal data pertaining to lots is based on FV-300 only.

<sup>1</sup> / Mixed Lots contain both fruits and vegetables, Lots amount listed is for Cooperative Markets only.

N/A=data not available

Table I: All Commercial Inspections\*  
(Except for Non-8e and 8e Shipments)  
by Product (continued)

<u>PRODUCT COMMODITY</u>	<u>FY-2010</u>		<u>FY-2009</u>	
	<u>LOTS**</u>	<u>CWT</u>	<u>LOTS**</u>	<u>CWT</u>
Nectarines	709	84,485	803	102,718
Okra	334	10,968	123	3,075
Onions, BGG	4,009	859,003	3,943	805,632
Onions, Northern	1,947	549,823	2,233	646,244
Oranges	3,248	529,698	3,206	556,915
Other Fruits	975	110,107	765	87,163
Other Melons	11	1,058	15	671
Other Nuts	1	400	0	0
Other Ornamentals	67	2,914	36	2,050
Other Vegetables	2,370	374,967	2,266	321,029
Papayas	399	41,671	416	36,811
Parsley	166	3,862	108	2,203
Peaches	798	83,540	1,319	147,786
Peanuts	3	12,567	N/A	6,531
Pears	928	264,970	965	342,511
Peas	648	22,543	656	35,970
Pecans	166	72,647	9	31,891
Peppers	9,057	957,337	8,722	1,045,304
Persimmons	124	12,829	96	16,982
Pineapples	201	195,009	143	178,944
Plantains	173	63,133	213	78,572
Plums	857	107,192	1,123	152,637
Pomegranates	114	9,892	N/A	N/A
Potatoes	1,992	1,557,143	1,545	1,360,675
Potatoes, Seed	3	5,880	5	1,445
Prunes	26	3,321	23	1,933
Pumpkins	19	6,896	17	5,025
Radishes	103	4,455	138	10,474
Raspberries	1,113	27,733	1,178	33,234
Rhubarb	17	145	1	27
Romaine	2,832	241,529	2,817	253,626

\*estimates only, based on available data being reported

\*\*Included Federal data pertaining to lots is based on FV-300 only.

N/A=data not available

Table I: All Commercial Inspections\*  
 (Except for Non-8e and 8e Shipments)  
 by Product (continued)

<b>PRODUCT COMMODITY</b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>		<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>	
	<b><u>LOTS**</u></b>	<b><u>CWT</u></b>	<b><u>LOTS**</u></b>	<b><u>CWT</u></b>
Salad Mix	507	11,580	N/A	N/A
Spinach	1,019	26,960	898	21,382
Squash	4,091	273,610	3,530	219,970
Strawberries	6,763	688,656	8,017	789,322
Sweet Potatoes	127	23,420	143	28,039
Tangelos	132	37,974	87	13,442
Tangerines	1,051	165,731	729	106,335
Tomatillos	68	5,275	N/A	N/A
Tomatoes	16,012	2,803,695	15,028	2,589,080
Turnips	12	947	11	1,077
Walnuts	24	17,364	N/A	10,454
Watermelons	<u>2,633</u>	<u>953,079</u>	<u>2,373</u>	<u>812,831</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>116,092</b>	<b>19,493,862</b>	<b>116,370</b>	<b>18,770,070</b>

\*estimates only, based on available data being reported

\*\*Included Federal data pertaining to lots is based on FV-300 only.

N/A=data not available

**Appendix IV**  
**Inspections of Fresh Fruits,**  
**Vegetables and Other Products**  
**at Receiving Markets**  
**(Cooperative Market Only)**

Table II: Non-8e (Import) Inspections  
by Product\*

<b><u>PRODUCT</u></b> <b><u>COMMODITY</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>		<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>	
	<b><u>LOTS</u></b>	<b><u>CWT</u></b>	<b><u>LOTS</u></b>	<b><u>CWT</u></b>
Apples	10	738	21	2,389
Apricots	1	22	4	1,300
Asparagus	23	867	30	1,876
Avocados	2	238	6	1,405
Beans	2	23	2	58
Blueberries	5	190	14	808
Brazil Nuts	0	0	11	4,620
Broccoli	1	287	1	17
Cabbage	1	18	3	454
Cantaloups	10	1,359	8	880
Carrots	3	147	2	237
Celery	1	115	0	0
Cherries	3	10	10	159
Cucumbers	14	1,095	10	1,779
Cut Flowers	0	0	1	330
Eggplant	8	135	3	78
Grapes, Table	39	6,761	25	4,547
Green Onions	1	22	0	0
Honeydew	22	2,429	18	1,633
Kiwifruit	1	6	0	0
Lemons	0	0	5	358
Leeks	0	0	1	17
Lettuce	2	34	0	0

\*estimates only, based on available data being reported.

Table II: Non-8e (Import) Inspections  
by Product\*

Limes	11	1,033	23	1,304
Mangos	12	522	20	895
Mixed Lots	0	0	1	364
Nectarines	1	21	7	420
Onions, BGG	3	486	1	192
Onions, Northern	3	404	1	420
Oranges	2	161	2	201
Other Fruits*	5	266	5	84
Other Vegetable	9	102	5	92
Papayas	2	185	1	122
Peaches	1	19	9	1,284
Peanuts	240	111,102	267	124,901
Pears	2	201	2	204
Peppers	39	1,758	29	1,056
Pineapples	4	913	18	962
Plums	6	169	9	362
Potatoes	7	2,131	3	861
Radishes	0	0	1	11
Romaine	1	134	3	9
Squash	16	271	11	331
Strawberries	2	320	8	985
Tangelos	0	0	1	22
Tangerines	8	1,353	2	126
Tomatoes	62	7,797	32	6,612
Watermelons	<u>14</u>	<u>3934</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>3,907</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>627</b>	<b>147,778</b>	<b>653</b>	<b>168,672</b>

\* estimated amounts only, based on available data being reported

\*Due to Federal Market data being collected using the Fresh Electronic Inspection Reporting/Resource System (FEIRS): **Non-Section 8e (Imports)** combined with **Commercial (Domestic)** inspection data, above data consists of Cooperator (state) Market only. Federal information is combined with Commercial inspection only.

**Appendix IV**  
**Inspections of Fresh Fruit**  
**Vegetables and Other Products**  
**at Receiving Markets**

Table III: 8e (Import) Inspections  
by Product

<b><u>PRODUCT</u></b> <b><u>COMMODITY</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>		<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>	
	<b><u>LOTS**</u></b>	<b><u>CWT</u></b>	<b><u>LOTS**</u></b>	<b><u>CWT</u></b>
Avocados	4,749	2,335,947	4,230	2,243,834
Filberts	38	56,810	N/A	40,415
Grapefruit	8	8,433	13	2,471
Grapes, Table	615	721,758	316	148,721
Kiwifruit	1,893	1,153,594	1,913	1,047,790
Onions, BGG	3,358	1,693,022	3,148	1,244,448
Onions, Northern	458	196,920	94	31,805
Oranges	857	757,319	875	831,787
Potatoes	4	30,778	14	22,504
Tomatoes	89	20,057	21	6,049
Walnuts	N/A	1,623	<u>6</u>	<u>1,817</u>
<b>TOTALS*</b>	<b>12,069</b>	<b>6,976,261</b>	<b>10,630</b>	<b>5,621,641</b>

\* estimated amounts only, based on available data being reported

\*\* Federal data pertaining to Lots is based on FV-300 only.

N/A=data not available

**Appendix V**  
**Summary of Inspections at**  
**Receiving Markets by Type, by**  
**CWT FY-2009 to 2010**

<b><u>TYPE</u></b> <b><u>OF INSPECTIONS</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2010</u></b>	<b><u>FY-2009</u></b>
Commercial*	19,493,862	18,770,070
Non-8e (Imports)**	147,778	168,672
8e (Imports)	6,976,261	5,621,641
DPSC/DeCA	2,583,771	1,946,412
Institutions	399,650	418,209
Miscellaneous	1,912,692	1,685,371
FV-205 (Canadian)	277,342	301,075
FV-207s (Export)	19,762	5,601
<b>GRAND TOTALS***</b>	<b>31,811,118</b>	<b>28,917,051</b>

\*Due to Federal Market data being collected using the Fresh Electronic Inspection Reporting/Resource System (FEIRS) **Non-Section 8e (Imports)** inspection data is combined with the above Federal office **Commercial** inspection data.

\*\*Data consists of cooperator (state) markets only. Federal information is combined with **Commercial** inspection data.

\*\*\* estimated amounts only, based on available data being reported