Formal Recommendation by the National Organic Standards Board (NOSB) to the National Organic Program (NOP)

Date: December 2, 2011

Subject: Petition to add Indole-3-butyric acid (IBA) to the National List §205.601

Chair: Tracy Miedema

The NOSB hereby recommends to the NOP the following:

Rulemaking Action X
Guidance Statement
Other

Statement of the Recommendation (Including Recount of Vote):

The Board determined that the material is synthetic (Motion: John Foster, Seconded: Colehour Bondera- No: 0, Yes: 14) and rejected the petition to add the material to 205.601 of the National List. (Motion John Foster, Second Tina Ellor- No 12, Yes 2).

Rationale Supporting Recommendation (including consistency with OFPA and NOP):

The petition failed evaluation criteria 2 (essential) and criteria 3 (compatibility) and the environmental impacts may be greater than indicated raw depending on materials used, manufacturing process and method of use.

NOSB Vote:

Moved: John Foster		Second: Tina Ellor					
Yes: 2	No: 12	Abstain: 0	Absent: 0	Recusal: 0			

NOSB COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION Form NOPLIST1. Committee Transmittal to NOSB

For NOSB Meeting: November, 2011		Substance: Indole-3-butyric acid (IBA)CAS#133-32-4					
Committee: Crops X Livestock Handling Petition is for:_IBA as a plant growth regulator							
	·						
A	Evaluation Criteria (Applicability noted for each cate		onal List § 205.601	_			
Α.	Impact on Humans and Environment	egory, Documentation attached	Yes X No N/A				
	2. Essential & Availability Criteria		Yes No X N/A				
	Compatibility & Consistency		Yes No X N/A				
	Commercial Supply is Fragile or Potentially Una	available as Organic (only for 6					
B.	Substance Fails Criteria Category: 2 and 3	Comments: There has not b	been shown to be a demostrated need for IBA in o	organi			
	productionSynthetic materials to achieve propogation and to regulate plant growth is inconsistent with organic productionIn addition although #1 is checked yes, environmental_impacts my be greater than indicated in the review depending on the raw materials used and the manufacturing process. In addition, although the most common probable use of IBA would be point application_by dipping plant cuttings in powder dust or solution to promote rooting, the petition requests a broader use. Area application would present a different more completerisk						
C.	Proposed Annotation (if any):						
I	Basis for annotation: To meet criteria above:	Other regulatory criteria:	Citation:				
D.	Recommended Committee Action & Vote, including	g classification recommendati	ion (State Actual Motion):				
Clas	sification of the material: SyntheticX Ne	Ion-synthetic	Absent: Abstain				
	on by: Barry Flamm Seconded: Tina Ellor						
Reco	mmended Committee Action & VoteMotion to	list under 205.601(k)					
Motio	on by: <u>Barry Flamm</u> Seconded: <u>Tina</u>	Ellor Yes:					
	Crops Agr	ricultural	Allowed ¹				
	Livestock Non	n-Synthetic	Prohibited ²				
		nthetic X	Rejected ³ X				
		mmercially Un- ailable as Organic ¹	Deferred ⁴				
1)	Substance voted to be added as "allowed" on National	l List to § 205with An	notation (if any)				
2)	2) Substance to be added as "prohibited" on National List to § 205with Annotation (if any)						
Describe why a prohibited substance:							
3) Substance was rejected by vote for amending National List to § 205 Describe why material was rejected: Failed Categories 2&3 and concerns under category 1							
4)	Substance was recommended to be deferred because						
If	If follow-up needed, who will follow up						

Category 1. Adverse impacts on humans or the environment? Substance:

Question	Yes	No	N/A¹	Documentation (TAP; petition;
Question	res	NO	N/A	regulatory agency; other)
Are there adverse effects on environment	1		N/A	regulatory agency, earlery
from manufacture, use, or disposal? [§205.600 b.2]				
Is there environmental contamination	X	Х		Petitioner stated IBA is a technical grade
during manufacture, use, misuse, or disposal? [§6518 m.3]				synthesized substance from many sources.186 products containing IBA are
disposal? [30510111.5]				available in US. IBA is manufactured
				world wide. Thus, there might be different
				manufacturing procedures. (TR 227)
Is the substance harmful to the		X		TR 282- IBA is biosynthesized in natural
environment and biodiversity? [§6517c(1)(A)(i);6517(c)(2)(A)i]				plants and produced by soil bacteria. It is non-toxic to avian wildlife, plants, but
[303176(1)(1)(1),0317(6)(2)(1)[]				slightly toxic to fish and aquatic, and
				invertebrates and should not cause
				adverse effects to mammalian wildlife. EPA says IBA does not persist in the
				environment. TR 221 EPA also waved
				most tox requirements. TR 252-255 -
				IBA has typical hormonal dose-response
				pattern. TR 287- PAN data base shows no evidence of harmful effects to
				environment, except slight toxicity to fish.
4. Does the substance contain List 1, 2 or 3		Х		TR 238- Indole (CAS#120-72-9)
inerts? [§6517 c (1)(B)(ii); 205.601(m)2]				butyrolactone(CAS# 96-48-0) and Sodium Hydroxide (CAS# 1310-73-2)
				was on list 4B.
5. Is there potential for detrimental chemical	X			TR 246- potentially reacts with strong
interaction with other materials used?				oxidizers. TR 249- 250 synergistic with
[§6518 m.1] 6. Are there adverse biological and	×	X		other chemicals and bacteria TR 44- There are two general groups of
chemical interactions in agro-ecosystem?		^		application methods in terms of toxic
[§6518 m.5]				effect and environmental consequence.
				point application: dipping plant cuttings in
				powder, dust or solution.
				Area appliction/ broad
				cast: foliar spray, turf, and
				adding to springler system. The risks are greater under group 2.
7. Are there detrimental physiological	1	Х		See # 3 above
effects on soil organisms, crops, or				
livestock? [§6518 m.5] 8. Is there a toxic or other adverse action of		X		See # 3 above
the material or its breakdown products?		^		See # 3 above
[§6518 m.2]				
Is there undesirable persistence or		X		See # 3 above
concentration of the material or breakdown products in environment?				
[§6518 m.2]				
10. Is there any harmful effect on human	X	X		EPA says no known risks to human
health? [§6517 c (1)(A)(i); 6517 c(2)(A)i;				health and has granted an exemption for
§6518 m.4]				tolerance of residue. IBA is an "acute health hazard" under
				Section 311/312 Hazard class of
				SARA Title III Rules (MSDA-IBA,2007)
11. Is there an adverse effect on human			N/A	,
health as defined by applicable Federal				
regulations? [205.600 b.3] 12. Is the substance GRAS when used	\vdash		N/A	
according to FDA's good manufacturing			10/1	
practices? [§205.600 b.5]				
13. Does the substance contain residues of			N/A	
heavy metals or other contaminants in				
excess of FDA tolerances? [§205.600 b.5]				
1 D.5 D.5 The substance under review is for crops or livestock production			.	205 800 (h) ass N/A - ast applicable

If the substance under review is for crops or livestock production, all of the questions from 205.800 (b) are N/A—not applicable.

Category 2. Is the Substance Essential for Organic Production? Substance:

Question		Yes	No	N/A¹	Documentation (TAP; petition;
ļ.,		.,			regulatory agency; other)
1.	Is the substance formulated or manufactured	X			Petitioner stated IBA is a technical grade
	by a chemical process? [6502 (21)]	.,			synthesized substance
2.	Is the substance formulated or manufactured	X			Petitioner/TR
	by a process that chemically changes a substance extracted from naturally occurring				
	plant, animal, or mineral, sources?				
	[6502 (21)]				
3.	Is the substance created by naturally		Χ		However, IBA does occurTr naturally in a
	occurring biological processes? [6502 (21)]				variety of plants.
4.	Is there a natural source of the substance? [§205.600 b.1]			N/A	
5.	Is there an organic substitute? [§205.600 b.1]			N/A	
6.	Is the substance essential for handling of			N/A	
	organically produced agricultural products?				
7	[§205.600 b.6]	V	V		IDA
1.	Is there a wholly natural substitute product? [§6517 c (1)(A)(ii)]	X	X		IBA occurs naturally, but there is not any
	[300] 0 (1/(1/(1/1))				commercially available extraction process. The most commonly used auxin
					for inducing adventitious rooting is IAA,
					but the availability of natural sources is
					unclear.
8.	Is the substance used in handling, not			N/A	unorda.
	synthetic, but not organically produced?				
	[§6517 c (1)(B)(iii)]				
9.	Is there any alternative substances?		X		TR 392- 398 Researchers have
	[§6518 m.6]				evaluated the effects of several
					alternative materials containing growth
					hormones.(Not clear if these would
		.,			provide the same response as an auxin.)
10.	Is there another practice that would make the	X			TR 499 Successful rooting from stem
	substance unnecessary? [§6518 m.6]				cuttings depend on many factors: timing,
					types of cutting, light, temperature,
					moisture and 10 other factors including
					plant hormones.(which may be produced
					naturally by the plant tissues- BF)

If the substance under review is for crops or livestock production, all of the questions from 205.600 (b) are N/A—not applicable.

Category 3. Is the substance compatible with organic production practices? Substance:

Question		Yes	No	N/A¹	Documentation (TAP; petition; regulatory agency; other)
1. I	s the substance compatible with organic nandling? [§205.600 b.2]			N/A	
f (s the substance consistent with organic farming and handling? [§6517 c 1)(A)(iii); 6517 c (2)(A)(ii)]		X		TR 381- European and N. American regulations do not allow synthetic products to obtain organic propagation. It does not fit any of the allowed categories for approving synthetic inputs: 6517c1(B)
	s the substance compatible with a system of sustainable agriculture? §6518 m.7]	X	X		IBA is biosynthesized in natural plants and produced by soil bacteria. There is no evidence that chemical properties of synthetic IBA are different from natural sources, but the manufactured IBA contains impurities.
r	s the nutritional quality of the food maintained with the substance? §205.600 b.3]			N/A	
	s the primary use as a preservative? §205.600 b.4]			N/A	
f \	s the primary use to recreate or improve lavors, colors, textures, or nutritive values lost in processing (except when required by law, e.g., vitamin D in milk)? 205.600 b.4]			N/A	
i	s the substance used in production, and does it contain an active synthetic ngredient in the following categories:		X		
	a. copper and sulfur compounds; b. toxins derived from bacteria;		Х		
(pheromones, soaps, horticultural oils, fish emulsions, treated seed, vitamins and minerals? 		X		
	 livestock parasiticides and medicines? 		X		
•	e. production aids including netting, tree wraps and seals, insect traps, sticky barriers, row covers, and equipment cleaners?		X		

¹ If the substance under review is for crops or livestock production, all of the questions from 205.600 (b) are N/A—not applicable.

Category 4. Is the commercial supply of an agricultural substance as organic, fragile or potentially unavailable? [§6610, 6518, 6519, 205.2, 205.105 (d), 205.600 (c) 205.2, 205.105 (d), 205.600 (c)] Substance: Name

	Question Yes No N/A¹ Documentation (TAP; petition;				
	Question	res	No	M/A	Documentation (TAP; petition;
4	In the community of a solution was ideal				regulatory agency; other)
1.	Is the comparative description provided				
	as to why the non-organic form of the				
	material /substance is necessary for use				
_	in organic handling?				
2.	Does the current and historical industry				
	information, research, or evidence				
	provided explain how or why the material				
	/substance cannot be obtained				
	organically in the appropriate form to				
	fulfill an essential function in a system of				
2	organic handling?				
٥.	Does the current and historical industry information, research, or evidence				
	provided explain how or why the material				
	/substance cannot be obtained				
	organically in the appropriate quality to				
	fulfill an essential function in a system of				
	organic handling?				
1	Does the current and historical industry	 			
٦.	information, research, or evidence				
	provided explain how or why the material				
	/substance cannot be obtained				
	organically in the appropriate quantity to				
	fulfill an essential function in a system of				
	organic handling?				
5	Does the industry information provided				
	on material / substance non-availability				
	as organic, include (but not limited to)				
	the following:				
	•				
	Regions of production (including factors such as climate and number				
	of regions);				
\vdash	b. Number of suppliers and amount	 			
	produced;				
\vdash	c. Current and historical supplies	 			
	related to weather events such as				
	hurricanes, floods, and droughts that				
	may temporarily halt production or				
	destroy crops or supplies;				
	d. Trade-related issues such as				
	evidence of hoarding, war, trade				
	barriers, or civil unrest that may				
	temporarily restrict supplies; or				
\vdash	e. Are there other issues which may				
	present a challenge to a consistent				
	supply?				

If the substance under review is for crops or livestock production, all of the questions from 205.600 (b) are N/A—not applicable.